Housing Market Analysis

+ Needs Assessment



Cambridge, Maryland
February 2019







Key Findings

- Over the next twenty years, demographic projections suggest that Cambridge Maryland could see more than 900 net new households in the City, with growth happening at varying rates and times over that period. Many of these new residents are expected to fill new jobs also projected for the City and the region more broadly. While this population growth and economic expansion are likely to occur gradually, it is critical that a wide range of housing options are available in the City for this growth to be realized.
- Housing for both renters and homeowners will be needed. As many as 600 net new rental units and over 300 net new for-sale housing units could be in demand over the next two decades. Apartments, townhomes, and single-family homes of varying sizes, price points, and locations will position the City to attract these new residents as the Eastern Shore continues to evolve. It is critical that the housing is available for the entire income spectrum, as the types of jobs and industries projected for growth in the region have a wide range of wages.
- The housing units needed for future residents do not all need to be new. Many can be absorbed within the City's existing housing stock. The City has been experiencing an increase in residential vacancy over the past decade. U.S. Census Bureau estimates put this trend at approximately 7% average annual increase in vacancy every year in Cambridge since 2009. Much of this vacant housing stock ends up tax-delinquent and auctioned. While the auction process is intended to bring new life to these deteriorating properties, often investments and rehabilitation measures are not made in the units and they end up back in the auction cycle. Housing rehabilitation programs need to be implemented and accelerated for the existing housing stock to be attractive to both current and future residents.
- The vacant housing stock in Cambridge represents both a critical opportunity and a significant liability for the City's future. With rehabilitation, the units could both meet future housing demand, and revitalize key neighborhoods in the City's core that are in decline. These neighborhoods are proximate to amenities and services like downtown retail and waterfront open space; characteristics that are typically in high demand in housing markets across the country. If the vacant housing stock continues to increase and further deteriorate, the economy of Cambridge will likely suffer. Future employers could choose a different location to build their businesses; future workers could find other communities to call home.
- The job base in Cambridge has been expanding. There are over 600 more jobs in the City than there were four years ago. Most (83%) of the new jobs are concentrated in three industries—retail trade, service jobs (administrative, support, and waste services), and manufacturing. While jobs have increased 14% during the past five years, the City's population has remained essentially flat during this same time period, which suggests workers with jobs in Cambridge are choosing to live in other communities. The growing workforce in Cambridge could be an opportunity to bring vitality and investment to the City, but improvements to the public realm, attention to crime issues, and a focus on housing rehabilitation, among other priorities, need to be addressed to make Cambridge an attractive option for these workers.
- The rental market in Cambridge is expanding while at the same time rents are increasing. Nearly two out of every three households in the City rent their homes (62%). Of these renter households about 14% pay less than \$500 per rent. Over the past four years, rental units in this price range have declined by 52%, while units renting for \$1,000 or more increased 11%. A full range of rents are important in the City, as one out of five Cambridge households have annual income at levels in need of rents below \$500, and one out of four households have an annual income that can afford the high-end of the rent price spectrum. The wide range of income levels in Cambridge makes housing price diversity even more critical.
- Cambridge has seen a slight increase in the number of millennial-age residents in the past four years, but seniors, specifically in the 75 to 84-year age cohort have increased the most, rising 40% in four years. School-age children and seniors continue to represent the largest share of the City's population, a trend that has been consistent for decades.
- Nearly one out of every four Cambridge households (24%) was severely housing cost burdened in 2017, paying more than 50% of their income on housing costs. More broadly, approximately 46% of all Cambridge households

are considered cost burdened paying in excess of 30% of their income on housing expenses. Over the past four years, the number of lower-priced rental units have declined significantly. In addition, the number of homes sold at prices affordable to low-income households has also declined during this same time period. Preservation of an affordable rental housing stock, and homeownership opportunities for the entire income spectrum will be important as upward pressure on prices is likely to continue in Cambridge.

- The median wage of jobs in the City is increasing, up 8% in four years, but remain lower than the County overall. Wages in the City's primary job sectors suggest rents in the \$500 to \$750 range and home prices in the \$150,000 to \$200,000 are likely in demand.
- Over this current decade the number of renters in Cambridge has increased dramatically (up 22% since 2010) and homeownership rates have declined from 49% in 2010 to 37% in 2017. However, over the past four years this trend appears to be shifting, which suggests more home ownership opportunities in affordable price ranges could be needed in the coming years.

Data Used in this Report

Much of the data reported in this Housing Market Analysis and Needs Assessment come primarily from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS). The Census Bureau collects data from a sample of residents every year. However, for smaller communities, like the City of Cambridge, the Census Bureau only reports out data every five years. Data for individual years are deemed to be unreliable because they are based on small sample sizes.

In this report, we summarize data from a variety of years. The year depicted represent when the statistics are reported out by the U.S. Census Bureau and represent five years of sample data. The following survey sample years correspond to the data used in this report.

2017 ACS: 2013-2017, **2016 ACS:** 2012-2016, **2015 ACS:** 2011-2015, **2014 ACS:** 2010-2014,

2013 ACS: 2009-2013, 2012 ACS: 2008-2012, 2011 ACS: 2007-2011, 2010 ACS: 2006-2010,

2009 ACS: 2005-2009

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Introduction

The demographic, employment, and housing landscape in the City of Cambridge Maryland has been changing. While the overall population has remained relatively flat, with modest growth over the past decade, the composition of households and characteristics of residents living in the City is shifting. These changes have implications for housing, both rental and for-sale units, and play a role in trends and patterns seen in the housing market in recent years. In addition to shifts that have already occurred, demographic forecasts suggest more households and jobs will be coming to the Eastern Shore in the coming decades. Cambridge will likely absorb some of this growth, which will occur gradually and fluctuate, but the amount of growth realized in the City is largely dependent on the health of the housing market, and the attractiveness of the City as a place to live and work. The increasing level of housing vacancy in Cambridge is a critical issue that will largely determine the future economic health of the City. If vacancy levels continue on this current trend and more of the City's housing stock deteriorates, it is likely that the City will not attract as many of the new residents and jobs that could be coming to the region over the next two decades. If housing vacancy rates improve in the coming years, and rehabilitation efforts gain traction, the City is well positioned to capture future population and job growth in the region. The water-front location, walkable historic core, and small-city charm of Cambridge are just a few of the natural assets that can help revitalize the economy in the City

Definitions

Housing cost burdened – Families who pay more than 30 percent of their income for housing are considered by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to be cost burdened.

Severely housing cost burdened – Families who pay more than 50 percent of their income for housing are considered by HUD to be cost burdened.

Housing Tenure – The financial arrangements under which a household occupies all or part of a housing unit. The most common types of tenure are ownership and rental.

Multifamily housing – A structure that has three or more residential units, typically on multiple floors (a row of townhomes is not classified as multifamily under this definition).

Center for Neighborhood Technology Housing + Transportation Index – An index that incorporates transportation costs into the equation of housing affordability. The affordability benchmark used by the index is 45 percent of household income used on housing costs and transportation costs combined.

Household – A household includes all the persons who are current residents of a housing unit. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

Gross rent – The contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water and sewer) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else).

Demographic Trends

The demographic trends in the City of Cambridge are showing subtle shifts of a wide range of characteristics. The City is becoming more racially diverse, and the population is getting older. There are fewer married couples with children, and fewer children overall. More unmarried adults (either related or un related) are sharing the same household, and more seniors are living alone than five years ago. Wages and household incomes are rising; however many Cambridge households have income levels at the low-end of the spectrum.

Age – In 2017 the City of Cambridge Maryland was home to an estimated 12,484 permanent, full-time residents. Since 2010, the City has seen relatively flat population growth, with a net gain of 158 residents. In 2015, the City reached its peak population at 12,700. As of 2017, nearly two out of every five residents (39%) in Dorchester County live in Cambridge, making it the County's largest jurisdiction. The population of young adults—often referred to as Millennials is an important and growing source of the labor force. Millennials are also known to be up-and-coming first-time homebuyers. Cambridge has seen a 4% increase in millennial-age-residents over the past four years. School-age children and seniors represent the largest population shares in the City. As of 2017, approximately 16% of Cambridge residents were between the ages of 5 and 17, and about 17% were age 65 or older. In addition, the senior population in the City has been one of the fastest growing in recent years. For example, the population of residents age 75 to 84 surged 40% over the past four years, the sharpest increase of any age category. While the population of older adults is growing, the number of young children in the City is in decline. There were approximately 870 people under the age of 5 in Cambridge in 2017, 24% fewer than four years ago.

Figure 1: Population, 2010 to 2017, Cambridge MD

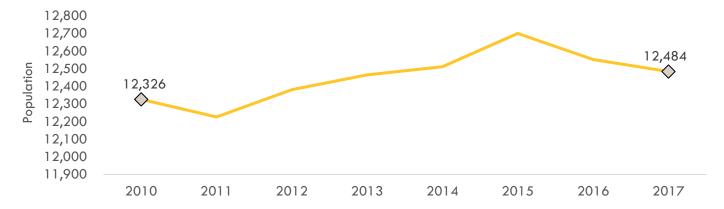
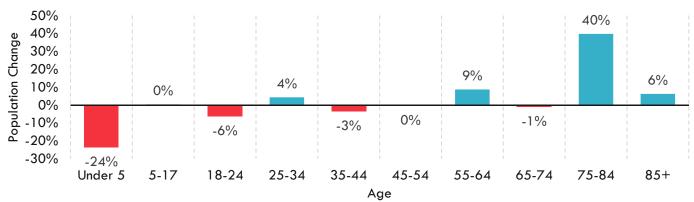


Figure 2: Population Change Percentage by Age, 2013 to 2017, Cambridge MD



Race and Ethnicity – The racial composition of Cambridge is predominately African American and White. In 2017 these two races accounted for 46% and 42% of the City's population respectively, shares that have been consistent in size for the past couple decades. While African-American and White residents are the primary races in the City, most of the population growth is being driven by people of other races. In fact, over the past four years the City has lost African-American residents and had only a slight increase in the White population. Multi-racial and Hispanic residents have had the largest population growth in the City since 2013, growing 53% and 38% respectively. Similar trends are occurring at the county-level. Dorchester County as a whole, has fewer White (-4%) and African-American residents (-4%) than four years ago, while the multi-racial population has more than doubled (112%) and the Hispanic population has increased by 30%.

Figure 3: Change in Race of the Population, 2013 to 2017, Cambridge MD

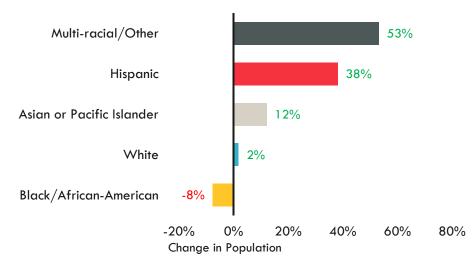
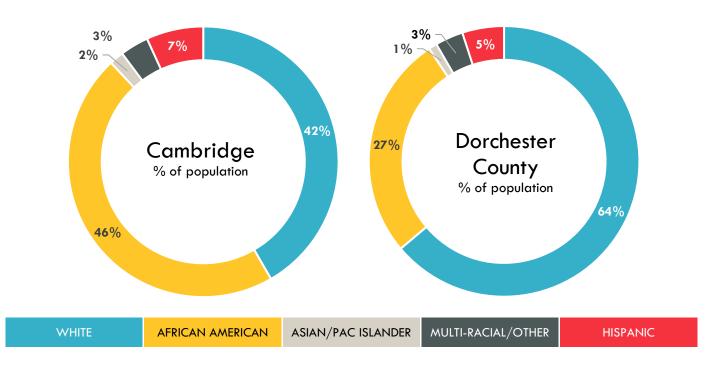


Figure 4: Racial Composition, 2017



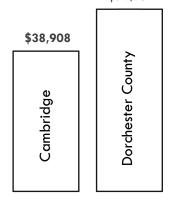
Household Income - The median household income in Cambridge was estimated at \$38,908 in 2017, which is about \$11,500 lower than Dorchester County as a whole (\$50,552). Approximately one out of every five households in Cambridge has an annual income below \$15,000 (21%). Another one out of five households has annual incomes between \$15,000 and \$29,999 (22%). While a majority of Cambridge households have incomes well below the US median, there has been an uptick in higher-income households in recent years. For example, over the past four years (2013 to 2017), the number of Cambridge households with annual incomes exceeding \$100,000 increased by 37%. During this same time period, the number of households in Cambridge with annual incomes below \$30,000 declined 9%. This shift in household incomes can have impacts on the housing market, and over time can put upward pressure on home prices and rents. For context, applying standard affordability rules (i.e. housing costs not exceeding 30% of gross income) a household with an annual income of \$15,000 can afford a to spend approximately \$375 per month on housing. A household with an annual income of \$100,000 can afford a monthly housing cost of approximately \$2,500.

Figure 5: Median Household Income, 2017

\$50,552

\$100,000+ 137 28

Figure 6: Change in Household Income 2013 to 2017, Cambridge MD



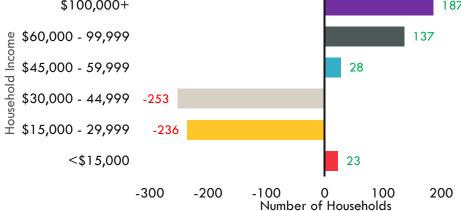
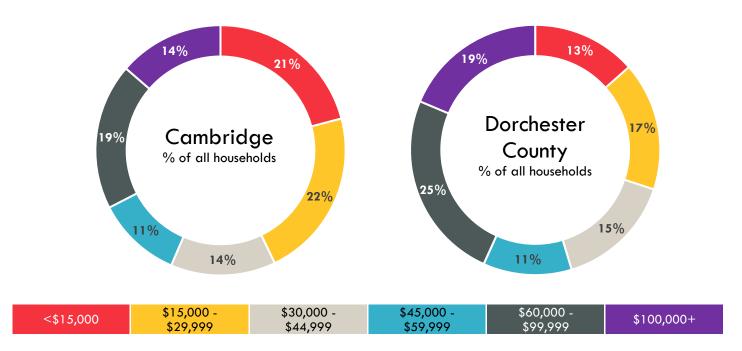
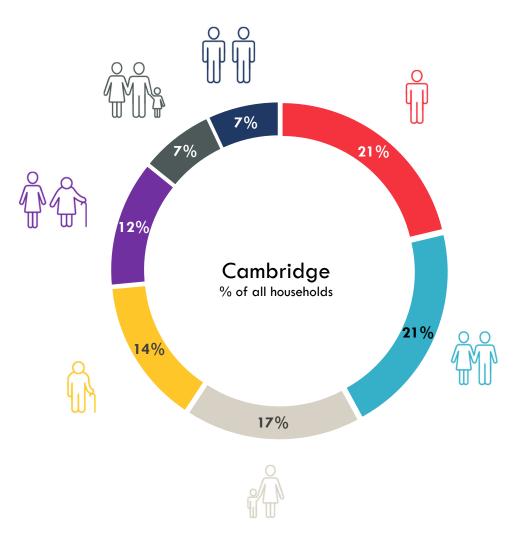


Figure 7: Household Income Proportions, 2017



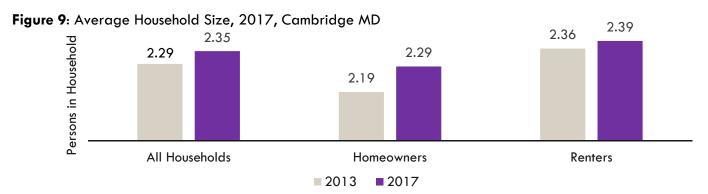
Household Composition – The composition of households and families is changing in Cambridge. The largest shifts are occurring with married couples with kids and seniors living alone. The number married-couple households with children declined 24% between 2013 and 2017. During this same time period the number of seniors living alone increased 31%. In 2017, married couples without children (21% of all households) and single person households under the age of 65 (21% of all households) made up the largest share of households in Cambridge. The number of single parent households is declining, however they still make up a large share of the Cambridge households (17% of all households) relative to Dorchester County as a whole (9% of all county households). It is important to note that the single parent households in Cambridge account for 70% of all single-parent households in Dorchester County. Overall, the number of households with children (both married couples and single parents) declined by 221 households over the past four years, while the number of households and families without children rose by 107 households. Within those households without children, there was notable an increase of non-married adults living together. Between 2013 and 2017 the number of households composed of non-married adults (both related and unrelated) rose 11%. This could reflect more adult children caring for their aging parents, and also more adults living with roommates to lower their housing costs.

Figure 8: Household Composition, 2017, Cambridge MD





Household Size – There are more people in Cambridge than four years ago, but in fewer households, which indicates that the average household size is increasing. The average household size in 2017 was 2.35 in the City, up from 2.29 four years prior. Similar trends are occurring at the County-level. The average household size increased from 2.39 to 2.46 in Dorchester County during the same four-year time frame. For context the average household size nationwide was 2.63 in 2017. Renter households tend to be larger in Cambridge—2.39 for renter households compared to 2.29 for homeowner households. The rise in renter household size could also be partly a reflection of the increasing Hispanic population in the City. Data suggest Hispanic residents tend to be more likely to live in larger multi-generational households or households with more than one family. It also could be a signal of overcrowding or affordability challenges because some Cambridge renters could be doubling up to bring the cost of rent to affordable levels. The rise in household size has implications for housing, and if the trend continues there will be more demand for larger housing units with multiple bedrooms in the coming years.



Homelessness – Homelessness in the region has been trending down over the past four years but levels are still much higher than at the start of the decade. Tracking the number of people that are homeless can be challenging as the number fluctuates over the year and homeless individuals may not be easy to locate. Homelessness data are typically obtained through two methods—as a point-in-time (PIT) count during a specific window of time each year, and a housing-inventory-count (HIC) which is a point-in-time inventory of beds/units that are in use in homeless shelters. The homelessness data in the Eastern Shore is tracked at the region-level. The Mid-Shore Roundtable on Homelessness is the Continuum of Care (CoC) agency that tracks homelessness in the region and reports the information to the US. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) as part of the federal CoC Homeless Assistance Program. The Mid Shore Behavioral Health organization leads the CoC for the region, which includes the counties of Dorchester, Caroline, Kent, Queen Anne's, and Talbot. Homelessness in the region has declined 11% since 2015 but is 47% higher than the start of the decade. Most of the increases in homelessness in the region that have occurred over the decade are within the shelters; indicating resources are available to those who are homeless, though as numbers rise those resources are likely strained. The number of unsheltered homeless persons has hovered around the same level over the past decade, peaking in 2015 at 35.

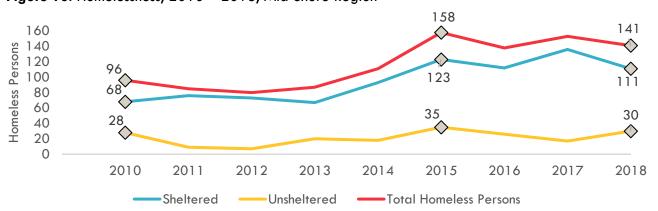


Figure 10: Homelessness, 2010 – 2018, Mid Shore Region*

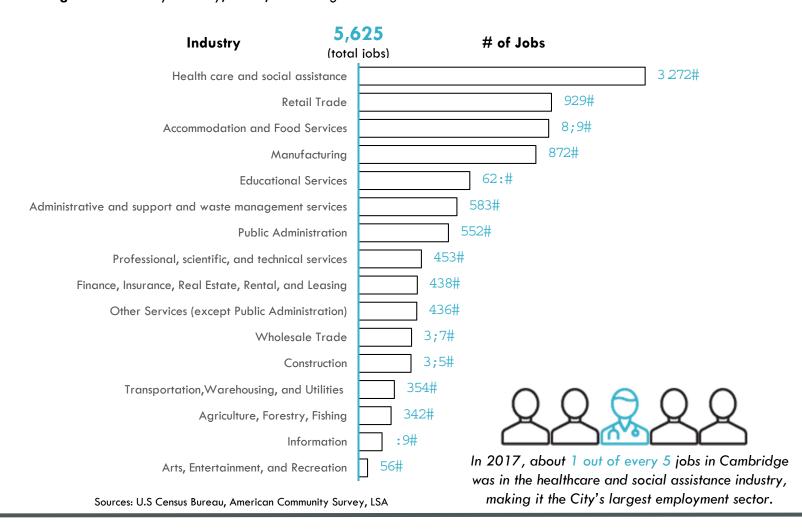
Sources: U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey, US Department of Housing and Urban Development, LSA *includes counties of Dorchester, Caroline, Kent, Queen Anne's, and Talbot

Employment Trends

The City of Cambridge is a key economic driver for Dorchester County and continues to add jobs to the employment base in the area. In 2017 approximately 37% of all jobs in the County were in Cambridge, which is up from 33% four years prior. Despite the significant share of jobs relative to the County as a whole, most of the workers in Cambridge do not live in the City, and most Cambridge residents who work, commute to other places. This could be a reflection of small size of the city in terms of land area, as many workers could live just outside the boundaries of the City, or it could be driven by housing type preferences of workers and their families.

Jobs – There were an estimated 5,625 jobs in the City of Cambridge in 2017 in a variety of industries. Nearly one out of five jobs (19%) in the City is in the health care and social assistance industry, making it the largest job sector in Cambridge. The other primary sectors include retail trade (13%), accommodation and food services (12%), manufacturing (12%), and educational services (7%). There are 14% more jobs in the City than four years ago, an increase of approximately 685. Most (83%) of the new jobs added in Cambridge are in three sectors, retail trade (238 new jobs), administrative and support and waste management (225 jobs), and manufacturing (105 jobs).

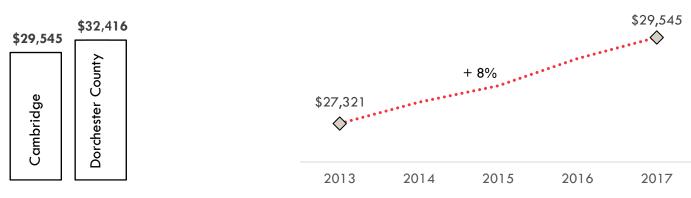
Figure 11: Jobs by Industry, 2017, Cambridge MD



Wages – The median wage in Cambridge is rising but remains below Dorchester County. In 2017, median earnings for workers in Cambridge was estimated at \$29,545, which is about 8% higher than four years ago. Median wages rose in 11 of the 16 main job sectors in Cambridge over the past four years. In 2017, workers in the health care and social assistance sector had a median wage of \$26,250; retail trade jobs had a median wage of \$23,672; and accommodation and food services workers had a median wage of \$13,508. The industries in Cambridge with the three highest median wages in 2017 include the information sector (\$51,146), professional and technical services (\$47,153), and transportation and warehousing (\$41,357). Workers in these higher-wage sectors account for about 8% of all jobs in the City. The wage data has important implications for housing and can reveal the types of price ranges that are likely in demand from the City's workforce if they opt to both live and work in Cambridge. For example, the wage data suggests that roughly a third of workers in Cambridge could afford rents somewhere in the range of \$500 to \$750 each month (if they were the only person in their household working). If workers in Cambridge were looking to be home buyers, the wage data suggests a third of the workers could afford a sales price range between \$150,000 and \$200,000 (if they had two workers in their household in the same industry). These are hypothetical assumptions, and can be applied in a variety of ways, but overall provide an approximation of housing price ranges needed for Cambridge workers.

Figure 12: Median Wage, 2017

Figure 13: Median Wage, 2013-2017, Cambridge MD



F' 14 H !: W	Share of			Affordable
Figure 14: Median Wage by Job Sector, 2017	Cambridge	Median	Affordable Rent	Homeownership
Industry	Jobs	Wage 2017	Level*	Level**
Health care and social assistance	19%	\$26,250	\$656	\$183 <i>,</i> 750
Retail Trade	13%	\$23,672	\$592	\$165,704
Accommodation and Food Services	12%	\$13,508	\$338	\$94,556
Manufacturing	12%	\$3 7, 381	\$935	\$261,667
Educational Services	7%	\$45,606	\$1,140	\$319,242
Administrative and support and waste management services	6%	\$3 7, 031	\$926	\$259 , 21 <i>7</i>
Public Administration	6%	\$44,261	\$1,107	\$309,827
Professional, scientific, and technical services	4%	\$47,153	\$1,1 <i>7</i> 9	\$330,071
Finance, Insurance, Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing	4%	\$32,353	\$809	\$226,471
Other Services (except Public Administration)	4%	\$33,636	\$841	\$235,452
Wholesale Trade	3%	\$36,037	\$901	\$252,259
Construction	3%	\$36,438	\$911	\$255,066
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2%	\$41 , 357	\$1,034	\$289,499
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	2%	\$26,944	\$674	\$188,608
Information	2%	\$51,146	\$1,279	\$358,022
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1%	\$32,955	\$824	\$230,685

Sources: U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey, LSA

^{*}Rent affordable to one worker at median wage, 30% of gross monthly income.

^{**}Home price affordable to two workers at median wage, assuming a home price that is 3.5 times annual household income.

Commuting Patterns – The commuting patterns in the City reveal that many workers in Cambridge live in other communities, and that many Cambridge residents work in places outside of Cambridge. There are many reasons for this, such as the relatively small size of the City in terms of land area, as many workers could live just outside the City boundaries. It could also reflect housing type preferences of workers and their families. Approximately three out of four people who work in Cambridge live in other communities. Of the Cambridge residents who work, about 29% have jobs within the City. Approximately 12% of the Cambridge resident-workers commute to Easton. A small share of resident-workers commute to the employment centers of Baltimore and Washington DC at 4% and 2% respectively.

Figure 15: Place of Residence of Cambridge Workers, 2015

Place of Residence	Share of Workers
Cambridge, MD	26%
Algonquin CDP, MD	4%
Easton town, MD	3%
Salisbury city, MD	2%
Hurlock town, MD	1%
Baltimore city, MD	1%
Secretary town, MD	1%
East New Market town, MD	1%
Federalsburg town, MD	1%
Ocean Pines CDP, MD	1%
All other locations	59%
Total	100%

Figure 16: Place of Work of Cambridge Residents, 2015

Place of Work	# of Workers
Cambridge, MD	29%
Easton town, MD	12%
Salisbury city, MD	5%
Baltimore city, MD	4%
Hurlock town, MD	3%
Washington city,DC	2%
Parole CDP, MD	1%
Annapolis city, MD	1%
Cordova CDP, MD	1%
Columbia CDP, MD	1%
All other locations	41%
Total	100%

Sources: U.S Census Bureau, On The Map, LSA

Housing Market Conditions and Future Needs

Trends in the Cambridge housing market over the past decade reflect a growing rental market, declining homeownership, and increasing vacancy. Shifts in housing tenure are starting to emerge, as homeownership has inched up over the past four years after falling sharply in the first half of this current decade. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, there were an estimated 6,486 housing units in Cambridge in 2017. In the nine years between 2009 and 2017, it is estimated that the City added 578 net new housing units, which represents an annual growth rate of 1.1%. During this same time period, the number of households in the City increased by just 50, which represents an annual growth rate of 0.1%; less than a tenth of the growth in housing units over the 8-year period. This increasing gap is contributing to the housing vacancy issues in the City and is also reflective of changing housing demand and income levels of Cambridge households.



Figure 17: Housing Units and Households, 2009 to 2017, Cambridge MD

Age of Structure – The housing stock in Cambridge includes both old and relatively new homes. About one out of every five units in the City was built prior to 1940 (21%). Similarly, one out of five units was built between 2000 and 2009, most of which likely occurred during the housing boom in the middle of that decade. There was also a housing construction surge in the 1950s, a decade when the population in Cambridge climbed over 18%. Approximately 12% of the housing stock in Cambridge dates to this decade.

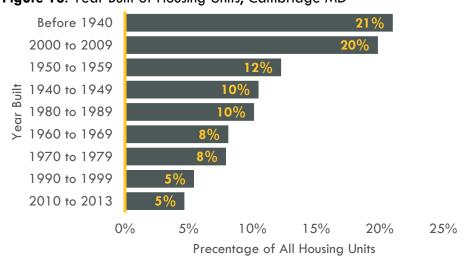


Figure 18: Year Built of Housing Units, Cambridge MD

Housing Types – The predominant housing type in Cambridge is the single-family detached home accounting for over half (53%) of all units in the City in 2017. Multi-family housing is the next largest segment of the Cambridge housing stock, accounting for 28% of all units, followed by townhomes/duplexes at 17%. Notably, as of 2017, the estimated 1,847 multi-family housing units in Cambridge represent 87% of all multi-family units in Dorchester County. The growth in housing units over the past eight years in Cambridge has largely been driven by multi-family housing. Approximately 84% of the net new 578 units are multi-family. Townhomes and duplexes account for a quarter (25%) of the net new units at 142. There was a slight decline in single-family units over the past eight years.

Figure 19: Changes in Housing Units by Housing Type, 2009-2017, Cambridge MD

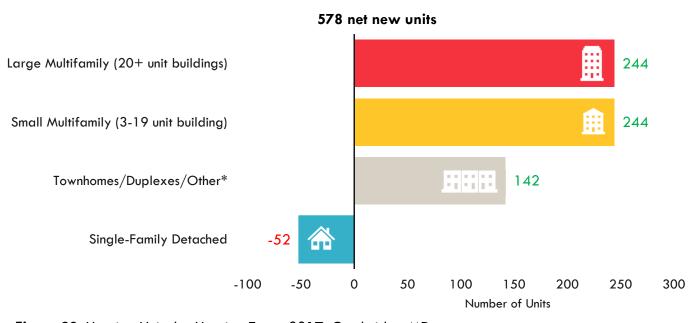


Figure 20: Housing Units by Housing Type, 2017, Cambridge MD

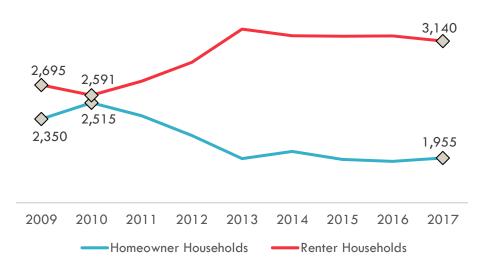


Sources: U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey, LSA *Other includes: RV, mobile home, boat, etc.

Housing Tenure – There are more renter households than homeowner households in Cambridge. After approaching an even split in 2010, the renter population in Cambridge began to increase and during the same time period fewer households owned their homes. As of 2017 the homeownership rate in Cambridge was approximately 38%, up from 37% four years prior. While there has been an uptick in homeownership since 2013, it remains below levels seen at the start of the decade; in 2010 the homeownership rate in the City was 49%. The level of homeownership varies by age group, and the patterns in Cambridge generally reflect trends experienced in much of the rest of the country; homeownership tends to be more likely as a person ages. Interestingly some of the sharpest growth in homeownership in the last four years has been with the younger age groups in Cambridge. For example, about one out of every four (24%) households headed by someone age 25 to 34 owned their home in 2017, which is up from 18% four years prior. There was also an increase in under 25 homeowner households, but that age segment only represents about 2% of all homeowner households in the City. Homeownership in the 35 to 44 age group declined the most over the last four years, going from 47% in 2013, to 28% in 2017.

Figure 21: Housing Tenure of Households, 2009 to 2017, Cambridge MD

Figure 22: Homeownership Rate, 2017



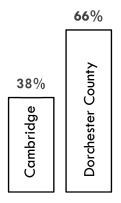
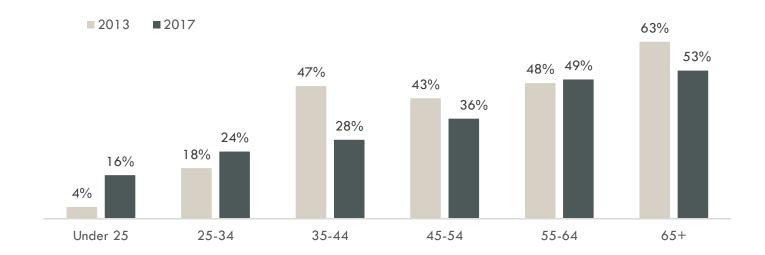


Figure 23: Homeownership Rates by Age, 2013 and 2017, Cambridge MD



Vacant Housing – The number of vacant housing units in Cambridge has risen sharply over the past eight years. It is estimated that in 2017 more than one out of every five housing units (21%) in Cambridge was vacant. The vacancy rate for Dorchester County was 23% in 2017. The vacancy rate in 2009 was estimated to be 15% in the City. Between 2009 and 2017 an additional 528 units were vacated, representing a 7% average annual increase during that time period. Based on the census survey, approximately a third of the vacant units (29%) are either available for rent or a seasonal unit. Most (63%) of the vacant units are not occupied due to a reason of "other." This indicates physical deterioration of the units, and a situation where use of the unit (pending rent or sale) is likely not an option. In addition, only 5% of the vacant units are noted as for sale, which also suggests that a majority of the vacant units are not in a condition to be sold or are being neglected. The increasing housing vacancy in Cambridge is a significant factor in the overall housing market and can lead to declines in home values in surrounding neighborhoods.

Figure 24: Vacant Housing Units, 2009 to 2017, Cambridge MD

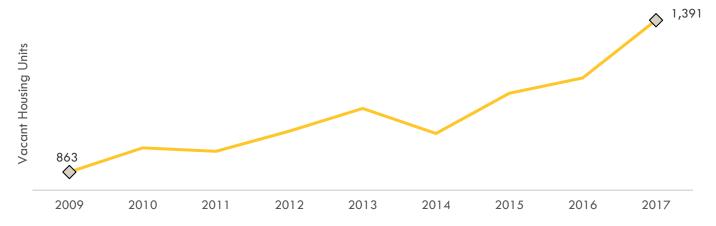
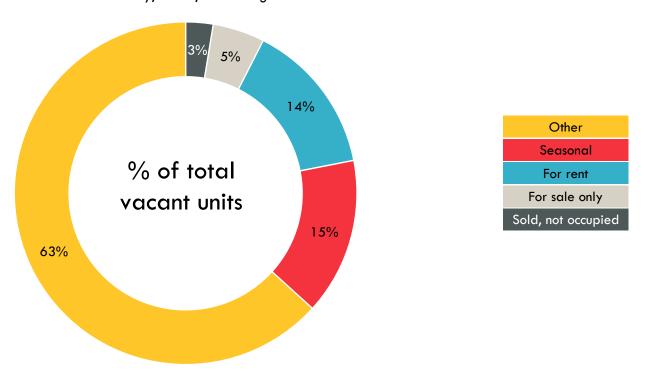


Figure 25: Reason for Vacancy, 2017, Cambridge MD



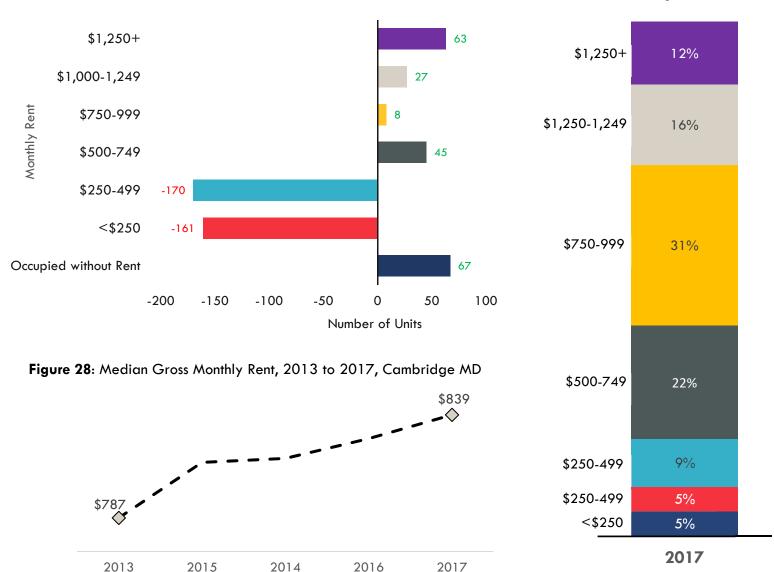
Rental Market – As of 2017, there were an estimated 3,140 renter-occupied housing units in Cambridge, which has been declining slowly over the past four years, falling 4%, a drop of 121 units since 2013. Despite the downward trend, the renter-occupied housing units in Cambridge represent a majority (71%) of all rental units in Dorchester County as of 2017.

Rents are increasing in Cambridge. Between 2013 and 2017 the biggest declines in rental units occurred in the \$250-\$499 and below \$250 per month price ranges, falling by 170 units and 161 units respectively. On the other end of the price spectrum, rental units at \$1,250 or more per month increased by 63 units over the same time period.

The median gross rent in Cambridge was \$839 in 2017, up from \$787 four years prior, an increase of 7%. As of 2017, approximately one out of every five households (21%) in the City had annual incomes less than \$15,000. For context, applying standard affordability rules (housing cost not exceeding 30% of gross income) a household with an annual income of \$15,000 can afford a housing cost of approximately \$375 per month. This monthly cost represents the high-end of this income range, which suggests that the below \$250 rent range is likely in high-demand in the City; however units in this price range have declined by 52% since 2013.

Figure 26: Change in Rental Units by Price, 2013 to 2017, Cambridge MD

Figure 27: Rental Units by Price, Cambridge MD



For-Sale Market – There were an estimated 1,955 owner-occupied housing units in City with a range of values. Most of the units are not on the market for sale, however examining real estate market sales data can reveal trends about the dynamics and recent patterns of the housing market in Cambridge. Overall market activity has increased over the past four years. Sales are trending up, prices are rising, and homes are selling faster on average.

There were 260 homes sold in Cambridge in 2018, 4% more than last year, and 33% more than four years prior. There were 121 homes listed for sale at the end of December 2018, most of which were single-family detached homes (88%). Of the 121 homes listed for sale, approximately 40% had an asking price below \$200,000. Prices are trending higher in the City. Over the course of 2018, 260 homes were sold in Cambridge. Approximately 42% of those homes sold for \$200,000 or more, and about 58% sold for below \$200,000. This is a shift from 2014, when 26% of homes sold for more than \$200,000 and 74% sold below \$200,000.

A closer look at the price bands reveals that lowest price range, the number of homes that sold for less than \$50,000 declined by 25% over the past four years, while homes selling for more than \$200,000 jumped 114% over the same time period. These shifts are also reflected in other housing metrics. At \$205,185, the average sales price in the Cambridge market in 2018 was approximately 23% higher than four years prior, an increase of over \$39,000. The increasing prices could also be a product of the lower supply of homes available for sale on the market, which puts upward pressure on sales prices. There were 121 homes listed for sale at the end of December 2018, 38 fewer than at the end of December 2014, a 24% reduction. The shrinking supply of homes for sales is also driving down the average days on market metric. In 2018 homes sold on average 36 days faster than they did in 2014.

Figure 29: Housing Market Indicators, 2014 to 2018, Cambridge MD

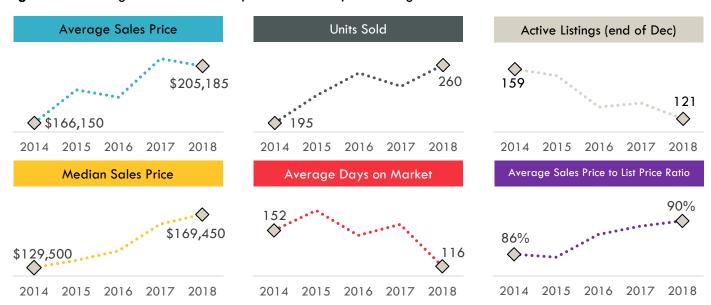
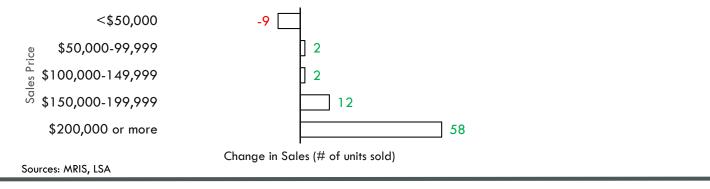


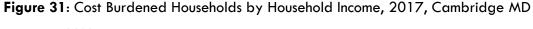
Figure 30: 5-yr Change in Units Sold by Price Range, 2014 to 2018, Cambridge MD



Affordability – A common way to measure housing affordability is to compare household income to monthly housing costs. A rule of thumb is that households should spend no more than 30% of their gross income on housing costs. By limiting spending on housing at this level, a typical household is assumed to have enough income left for other necessities, including food, health care, transportation and clothing. Households spending 30% or more of their income on housing are often referred to as "cost burdened." Those spending 50% or more of their income on housing are often referred to as "severely cost burdened." In 2017, it is estimated that 46% of all Cambridge households were cost burdened, and that 24% of all households in the City were severely cost burdened.

There are other ways to measure housing affordability. One common measure is to look a households' combined housing plus transportation costs. Housing costs may be lower further from job centers, but higher transportation costs may erode any savings on housing a household may achieve by moving further out. A rule of thumb is that households should spend no more than 45% of their income on combined housing plus transportation costs. According to the Center for Neighborhood Technology (CNT) Housing + Transportation Index, approximately 79% of all working households living in Cambridge spend between 45% and 78% of their income on housing and transportation related expenses. The remaining 21% of households spend less than the 45% threshold.

A general rule of thumb regarding home ownership affordability is that home buyers should aim to purchase a property that is within 3.5 times their annual household income. For example, a \$200,000 home would likely be affordable to a household with about \$57,000 of income each year. About two out of every three Cambridge households has annual income below the level that would make a \$200,000 home affordable, however most of growth in home sales over the past four years has occurred at price points above \$200,000. This suggest that fewer homes are being listed for sale at price points affordable to a large share of households living in the City.



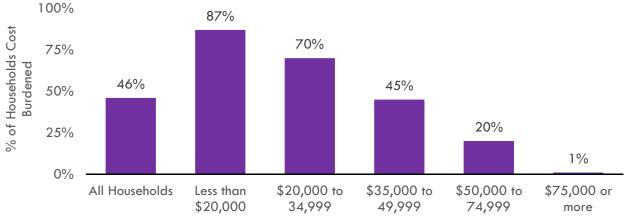


Figure 32: Household Income and Affordable Sales Price, Change 2014 to 2018, Cambridge MD

	Proportion of all				
	Cambridge	Affordable Sales Price			
	Households	Range Applicable to	2018	2014	4-yr
Household Income	(2017)	Household Income	sales	sales	Change
Less than \$15,000	21%	Less than \$50,000	27	36	-25%
\$1 <i>5</i> ,000 - 29,999	22%	\$50,000-99,999	39	37	5%
\$30,000 - 44,999	14%	\$100,000-149,999	41	39	5%
\$45,000 - 59,999	11%	\$150,000-199,999	44	32	38%
\$60,000 or more	33%	\$200,000 or more	109	51	114%

Future Housing Needs – The Department of Planning for the State of Maryland has projected household and job growth by industry for Dorchester County in five-year increments through 2040. Applying demographic trends in Cambridge to these projections provide a valuable lens to understand how the future population and job growth could impact the City, and specifically as it relates to housing needs. For example, analyzing future changes in the number of households will allow the City to gauge if policies related to housing should be modified or accelerated. In addition, examining the types of jobs that are forecasted to come to the region and the City provide insights into the housing price levels that are likely be needed in the years to come. The state's county-level forecasts through 2040 were allocated to Cambridge based on historical patterns of the City's share of households and jobs by industry within Dorchester County. Based on the projections, Cambridge is expected to have approximately 984 additional households over the next two decades. Many of these households will come to the area for jobs, and others will be non-working households. Many of the new jobs that are projected to come to the City are anticipated to be in the administrative and waste services, healthcare and social assistance, and accommodation and food services industries. The wages for the latter two of these job sectors are typically on the lower end of the range when compared to other industries.

Figure 33: Median Wage by Industry, 2017, Cambridge MD

	Median Wage	Median Wage
	Cambridge, MD	Maryland
Industry	2017	2017
Information	\$51,146	\$60,518
Professional and technical services	\$ <i>47,</i> 153	\$78,613
Transportation and warehousing	\$41,357	\$42,710
Manufacturing	\$37,381	\$53,971
Administrative and waste services	\$37,031	\$31,648
Construction	\$36,438	\$41,969
Wholesale trade	\$36,037	\$49,348
Other services, except public administration	\$33,636	\$31,328
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	\$32,955	\$22,764
Finance and insurance	\$32,539	\$61,345
Health care and social assistance	\$26,250	\$40,885
Retail trade	\$23,672	\$23,361
Real estate and rental and leasing	\$19,813	\$46,927
Accommodation and food services	\$13,508	\$17,392

Figure 34: Forecast of Net New Household by Income Range, 2020 to 2040

Household Income	2020- 2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040	
Less than \$15,000	64	46	50	36	
\$15,000 – 29,999	69	50	54	39	
\$30,000 – 44,999	43	31	34	25	
\$45,000 – 59,999	36	26	28	20	
\$60,000-99,999	62	45	49	36	
\$100,000 or more	45	33	35	26	
Total	319	232	251	182	984 (total 2020-2040)

Income levels for the net new households suggest a need for a range of housing price options in the City. In addition, the forecasts indicate that about a third of net new households will come in the first half of the 2020s, which has implications for near-term planning. Based on housing tenure patterns in the City, it is estimated that nearly two out of every three of the net new households over the forecast period will be renters. Figure 35 shows the rent price ranges that would be affordable to these households based on applying the standard 30% of gross income affordability rule. Figure 36 shows the home prices that would be affordable to the net new households that are projected to be homeowners based on applying the standard 3.5 multiplier of household income.

While the forecasts project the anticipated housing price ranges that will be needed for the net new households, the type of housing will largely depend on preferences and availability. The City has an increasing inventory of vacant housing. While some of this vacant inventory is habitable, many of the vacant units will likely need significant repair or replacement to be occupied in the future.

Figure 35: Forecast of Net New Rental Housing Units by Gross Rent, 2020 to 2040, Cambridge MD

Monthly Rent*	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040
<\$375	39	29	31	22
\$375 - \$750	43	31	34	24
\$750 - \$1,125	27	19	21	15
\$1,125 - \$1,500	22	16	1 <i>7</i>	13
\$1,500 - \$2,500	38	28	30	22
\$2,500 +	28	20	22	16
Total	196	143	155	112

Figure 36: Forecast of Net New Homeownership by Sales Price, 2020 to 2040, Cambridge MD

Sales Price**	2020-2025	2025-2030	2030-2035	2035-2040
<\$52,500	24	18	19	14
\$52,500 - \$105,000	26	19	21	15
\$105,000 - \$1 <i>57</i> ,500	1 <i>7</i>	12	13	9
\$1 <i>57</i> ,500 - \$210,000	14	10	11	8
\$210,000 - \$350,000	24	1 <i>7</i>	19	14
\$350,000+	1 <i>7</i>	13	14	10
Total	122	89	96	70

Sources: U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey, Maryland Department of Planning, LSA

^{*} Monthly rent ranges calculated as 30% of household income and correspond to annual household income ranges depicted in Figure 34 (i.e <\$375 monthly rent is affordable rent level to households with annual income <\$15,000, etc.)

^{**}Sales price ranges calculated as 3.5 times household income and correspond to annual household income ranges depicted in Figure 34 (i.e. <52,500 sales price is an affordable home price to households with annual income <\$15,000, etc.)

Conclusion

The housing market in Cambridge has shown signs of growth over the past few years, but this growth is likely being muted by the increasing vacancy of the housing stock. There have been more sales, prices are shifting higher, and homes are selling faster on average. Some of this demand is likely being driven by the growing job base in Cambridge, and overall growth in the Eastern Shore region more broadly. The rental market in Cambridge is also shifting to higher price points, which has implications for affordability. Nearly half (46%) of Cambridge households are considered cost burdened by standard housing affordability measures and are paying more than 30% of income on housing expenses. While the median wage in the City has risen over the past few years, it remains lower than the County as a whole, and most of the job growth in the City over the past four years has been in lower paying sectors; all of which suggest the demand for lower price points in the rental and housing markets remain and could be increasing. The data suggest that the racial composition of Cambridge is changing. The proportion of African Americans has declined over the past four years, and the proportion of White residents has remained flat with modest growth. Most of the population growth in the City is from other races including Hispanic and Multi-racial residents. The data suggest Cambridge households are getting older, and more seniors in Cambridge are living alone. Seniors represent a large share of the total population in the City, so if this trend continues it could mean smaller units without multiple floors will be increasingly popular in the coming years. The Eastern Shore region is expected to grow over the coming decades, and it is projected that Cambridge will experience this growth as well. However, the amount of growth in the City is largely depended on the health of the housing stock, and the attractiveness of the community as a place to live or grow a business. Addressing the growing vacancy problem will be paramount in positioning the City to see some of the region's economic growth in the years to come.



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Population by Age Group

Cambridge, MD

Population									
Age	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Under 5	645	1,010	1,058	1,078	1,145	1,195	1,116	950	874
5-17	2,021	2,008	1,962	2,058	2,010	1,913	1,933	2,107	2,018
18-24	867	1,192	1,083	1,179	1,292	1,423	1,433	1,420	1,209
25-34	1,347	1,613	1,480	1,615	1,745	1,643	1,784	1,877	1,821
35-44	1,558	1,455	1,542	1,564	1,412	1,406	1,199	1,280	1,363
45-54	1,442	1,615	1,796	1,549	1,484	1,574	1,495	1,376	1,477
55-64	987	1,534	1,408	1,501	1,457	1,444	1,542	1,554	1,584
65-74	965	950	956	976	1,036	1,023	1,056	989	1,025
75-84	741	624	563	540	518	549	588	618	724
85+	338	325	378	321	366	341	388	381	389
Total Population	10,911	12,326	12,226	12,381	12,465	12,511	12,534	12,552	12,484

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 decennial Census Summary File 1 (SF1); 5-Year American Community Survey Table B01001

Share Of Total									
Age	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Under 5	5.9%	8.2%	8.7%	8.7%	9.2%	9.6%	8.9%	7.6%	7.0%
5-17	18.5%	16.3%	16.0%	16.6%	16.1%	15.3%	15.4%	16.8%	16.2%
18-24	7.9%	9.7%	8.9%	9.5%	10.4%	11.4%	11.4%	11.3%	9.7%
25-34	12.3%	13.1%	12.1%	13.0%	14.0%	13.1%	14.2%	15.0%	14.6%
35-44	14.3%	11.8%	12.6%	12.6%	11.3%	11.2%	9.6%	10.2%	10.9%
45-54	13.2%	13.1%	14.7%	12.5%	11.9%	12.6%	11.9%	11.0%	11.8%
55-64	9.0%	12.4%	11.5%	12.1%	11.7%	11.5%	12.3%	12.4%	12.7%
65-74	8.8%	7.7%	7.8%	7.9%	8.3%	8.2%	8.4%	7.9%	8.2%
75-84	6.8%	5.1%	4.6%	4.4%	4.2%	4.4%	4.7%	4.9%	5.8%
85+	3.1%	2.6%	3.1%	2.6%	2.9%	2.7%	3.1%	3.0%	3.1%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 decennial Census Summary File 1 (SF1); 5-Year American Community Survey Table B01001

Population by Age Group, 2017

Select Jurisdictions

Population		
	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester
Age	Cambridge, MD	County, MD
Under 5	874	1,922
5-17	2,018	4,935
18-24	1,209	2,398
25-34	1,821	3,837
35-44	1,363	3,366
45-54	1,477	4,529
55-64	1,584	4,893
65-74	1,025	3,689
75-84	724	2,014
85+	389	803
Total Population	12,484	32,386

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Table B01001

Share of Total		
	Combridge MD	Dorchester
Age	Cambridge, MD	County, MD
Under 18	16.2%	15.2%
18-24	9.7%	7.4%
25-34	14.6%	11.8%
35-44	10.9%	10.4%
45-54	11.8%	14.0%
55-64	12.7%	15.1%
65-74	8.2%	11.4%
75-84	5.8%	6.2%
85+	3.1%	2.5%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Table B01001

Population by Race and Hispanic Origin

Cambridge, MD

Race and Hispanic Origin	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Non-Hispanic	10,754	11,716	11,731	11,747	11,849	11,935	11,969	11,772	11,633
White	5,167	5,419	5,582	5,159	5,107	5,329	5,582	5,356	5,200
Black/African-American	5,418	5,814	5,640	6,120	6,274	6,187	6,002	5,881	5,794
Asian or Pacific Islander	72	166	246	196	190	180	123	229	213
Multi-racial/Other	97	317	263	272	278	239	262	306	426
Hispanic	157	610	495	634	616	576	565	780	851
Total Population	10,911	12,326	12,226	12,381	12,465	12,511	12,534	12,552	12,484

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 decennial Census Summary File 1 (SF1); American Community Survey Table P004, 5-Year American Community Survey Table B03002

Share of Total									
Race and Hispanic Origin	2000	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Non-Hispanic	98.6%	95.1%	96.0%	94.9%	95.1%	95.4%	95.5%	93.8%	93.2%
White	47.4%	44.0%	45.7%	41.7%	41.0%	42.6%	44.5%	42.7%	41.7%
Black/African-American	49.7%	47.2%	46.1%	49.4%	50.3%	49.5%	47.9%	46.9%	46.4%
Asian or Pacific Islander	0.7%	1.3%	2.0%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.0%	1.8%	1.7%
Multi-racial/Other	0.9%	2.6%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	1.9%	2.1%	2.4%	3.4%
Hispanic	1.4%	4.9%	4.0%	5.1%	4.9%	4.6%	4.5%	6.2%	6.8%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 decennial Census Summary File 1 (SF1); American Community Survey Table P004, 5-Year American Community Survey Table B03002

Population by Race and Hispanic Origin, 2017

Select Jurisdictions

Race and Hispanic Origin	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Non-Hispanic	11,633	30,771
White	5,200	20,676
Black/African-American	5,794	8,689
Asian or Pacific Islander	213	325
Multi-racial/Other	426	1,081
Hispanic	851	1,615
Total Population	12,484	32,386

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Table B03002

Share of Total

		Dorchester
Race and Hispanic Origin	Cambridge, MD	County, MD
Non-Hispanic	93.18%	95.01%
White	41.65%	63.84%
Black/African-American	46.41%	26.83%
Asian or Pacific Islander	1.71%	1.00%
Multi-racial/Other	3.41%	3.34%
Hispanic	6.82%	4.99%
Total Population	100%	100%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey Table B03002

Residential Mobility of the Population, 2013-2017 avg.

Cambridge, Maryland

	No.	Pct.
Did not move in the last year	9,697	79.1%
Moved in the last year	0	0.0%
Moved within Dorchester County	1,796	14.6%
Moved from somewhere else in Maryland	403	3.3%
Moved from a different state	357	2.9%
Moved from abroad	9	0.1%
Total	12,262	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B07001

Tenure by Age of Head of Household

Cambridge, MD

	Total Hous	eholds		Homeowners			Renters			Homeownership Rate		
Age	2000	2013	2017	2000	2013	2017	2000	2013	2017	2000	2013	2017
Under 25	327	432	290	36	34	45	291	398	245	11.0%	7.9%	15.5%
25-34	665	924	975	199	152	233	466	772	742	29.9%	16.5%	23.9%
35-44	1,005	855	684	383	285	192	622	570	492	38.1%	33.3%	28.1%
45-54	727	898	827	382	358	294	345	540	533	52.5%	39.9%	35.6%
55-64	538	934	928	282	398	459	256	536	469	52.4%	42.6%	49.5%
65+	1,336	1,166	1,391	773	721	732	563	445	659	57.9%	61.8%	52.6%
Total Households	4,598	5,209	5,095	2,055	1,948	1,955	2,543	3,261	3,140	44.7%	37.4%	38.4%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, decennial Census, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25007

Share of Total	Total House	eholds	Homeowners						
Age	2000	2013	2017	2000	2013	2017	2000	2013	2017
Under 25	7.1%	8.3%	5.7%	1.8%	1.7%	2.3%	11.4%	12.2%	7.8%
25-34	14.5%	17.7%	19.1%	9.7%	7.8%	11.9%	18.3%	23.7%	23.6%
35-44	21.9%	16.4%	13.4%	18.6%	14.6%	9.8%	24.5%	17.5%	15.7%
45-54	15.8%	17.2%	16.2%	18.6%	18.4%	15.0%	13.6%	16.6%	17.0%
55-64	11.7%	17.9%	18.2%	13.7%	20.4%	23.5%	10.1%	16.4%	14.9%
65+	29.1%	22.4%	27.3%	37.6%	37.0%	37.4%	22.1%	13.6%	21.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, decennial Census, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25007

Household Income

Cambridge, MD

Household Income	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<\$15,000	1,248	1,151	1,163	1,085	1,042	1,099	1,022	1,067	1,065
\$15,000 - 29,999	900	1,044	982	1,123	1,355	1,339	1,251	1,171	1,119
\$30,000 - 44,999	1,035	967	1,007	983	945	835	810	786	692
\$45,000 - 59,999	448	452	529	533	532	565	663	565	560
\$60,000 - 74,999	432	438	379	437	430	439	457	423	446
\$75,000 - 99,999	547	537	596	488	397	399	440	439	518
\$100,000 - 124,999	269	262	177	198	199	223	176	275	299
\$125,000+	166	255	283	261	309	316	310	387	396
Total Households	5,045	5,106	5,116	5,108	5,209	5,215	5,129	5,113	5,095

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B19001

Share of 1	īotal
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	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Household Income									
<\$15,000	24.7%	22.5%	22.7%	21.2%	20.0%	21.1%	19.9%	20.9%	20.9%
\$15,000 - 29,999	17.8%	20.4%	19.2%	22.0%	26.0%	25.7%	24.4%	22.9%	22.0%
\$30,000 - 44,999	20.5%	18.9%	19.7%	19.2%	18.1%	16.0%	15.8%	15.4%	13.6%
\$45,000 - 59,999	8.9%	8.9%	10.3%	10.4%	10.2%	10.8%	12.9%	11.1%	11.0%
\$60,000 - 74,999	8.6%	8.6%	7.4%	8.6%	8.3%	8.4%	8.9%	8.3%	8.8%
\$75,000 - 99,999	10.8%	10.5%	11.6%	9.6%	7.6%	7.7%	8.6%	8.6%	10.2%
\$100,000 - 124,999	5.3%	5.1%	3.5%	3.9%	3.8%	4.3%	3.4%	5.4%	5.9%
\$125,000+	3.3%	5.0%	5.5%	5.1%	5.9%	6.1%	6.0%	7.6%	7.8%
Total Households	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B19001

Households by Household Income, 2013-2017 (in 2017 \$s)

Selected Jurisdictions

Household Income	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<\$15,000	1,065	1,737
\$15,000 - 29,999	1,119	2,145
\$30,000 - 44,999	692	1,956
\$45,000 - 59,999	560	1,478
\$60,000 - 74,999	446	1,386
\$75,000 - 99,999	518	1,786
\$100,000 - 124,999	299	1,031
\$125,000+	396	1,372
Total Households	5,095	12,891

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B19001

Share of Total

Household Income	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<\$15,000	20.9%	13.5%
\$15,000 - 29,999	22.0%	16.6%
\$30,000 - 44,999	13.6%	15.2%
\$45,000 - 59,999	11.0%	11.5%
\$60,000 - 74,999	8.8%	10.8%
\$75,000 - 99,999	10.2%	13.9%
\$100,000 - 124,999	5.9%	8.0%
\$125,000+	7.8%	10.6%
Total Households	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B19001

Households by Household Type

Cambridge, MD

Households									
Household Type	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Married Couple, w/ Children*	469	617	583	536	483	445	357	347	366
Married Couple, w/o Children*	1,189	1,314	1,205	1,182	1,174	1,115	1,043	1,045	1,058
Single Parent	931	845	841	910	981	965	918	880	877
Other Family, w/o Children*	461	400	507	548	586	595	739	725	629
Living Alone (65+)	621	592	573	562	552	563	610	681	724
Living Alone (Under 65)	1,090	1,113	1,151	1,119	1,130	1,194	1,118	1,073	1,085
Other Non-Family, Not Living Alone	284	225	256	251	303	338	344	362	356
Total Households	5,045	5,106	5,116	5,108	5,209	5,215	5,129	5,113	5,095

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables S1101

^{*}Own children

Share of Total									
Household Type	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Married Couple, w/ Children*	9.3%	12.1%	11.4%	10.5%	9.3%	8.5%	7.0%	6.8%	7.2%
Married Couple, w/o Children*	23.6%	25.7%	23.6%	23.1%	22.5%	21.4%	20.3%	20.4%	20.8%
Single Parent	18.5%	16.5%	16.4%	17.8%	18.8%	18.5%	17.9%	17.2%	17.2%
Other Family, w/o Children*	9.1%	7.8%	9.9%	10.7%	11.2%	11.4%	14.4%	14.2%	12.3%
Living Alone (65+)	12.3%	11.6%	11.2%	11.0%	10.6%	10.8%	11.9%	13.3%	14.2%
Living Alone (Under 65)	21.6%	21.8%	22.5%	21.9%	21.7%	22.9%	21.8%	21.0%	21.3%
Other Non-Family, Not Living Alone	5.6%	4.4%	5.0%	4.9%	5.8%	6.5%	6.7%	7.1%	7.0%
Total Households	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables S1101

^{*}Own children

Households by Household Type, 2013-2017

Cambridge, MD

Household Type	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, Maryland
Married Couple, w/ Children*	366	1,489
Married Couple, w/o Children*	1,058	4,286
Single Parent	877	1,253
Other Family, w/o Children*	629	1,511
Living Alone (65+)	724	1,669
Living Alone (Under 65)	1,085	1,928
Other Non-Family, Not Living Alone	356	804
Total Households	5,095	12,940

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables S1101

Share of Total

		Dorchester
Household Type	Cambridge, MD	County, Maryland
Married Couple, w/ Children*	7.2%	11.5%
Married Couple, w/o Children*	20.8%	33.1%
Single Parent	17.2%	9.7%
Other Family, w/o Children*	12.3%	11.7%
Living Alone (65+)	14.2%	12.9%
Living Alone (Under 65)	21.3%	14.9%
Other Non-Family, Not Living Alone	7.0%	6.2%
Total Households	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables S1101

^{*}Own children

^{*}Own children

Average Household Size of Occupied Housing Units by Tenure

Cambridge, MD and Dorchester County, MD

Average Household Size Cambridge, MD	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Owner occupied	2.20	2.22	2.28	2.23	2.19	2.25	2.30	2.24	2.29
Renter Occupied	2.23	2.32	2.29	2.39	2.36	2.33	2.37	2.43	2.39
Average	2.21	2.27	2.28	2.32	2.29	2.30	2.34	2.36	2.35

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25010

Average Household Size	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Dorchester County	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2010	
Owner occupied	2.35	2.37	2.32	2.31	2.36	2.39	2.38	2.42	2.48
Renter Occupied	2.29	2.40	2.43	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.40	2.42
Average	2.33	2.37	2.35	2.35	2.39	2.39	2.41	2.41	2.46

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25010

Average Household Size United States	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Owner occupied	2.69	2.67	2.68	2.68	2.69	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
Renter Occupied	2.42	2.42	2.45	2.48	2.50	2.52	2.53	2.53	2.52
Average	2.60	2.59	2.60	2.61	2.63	2.63	2.64	2.64	2.63

Year Moved into Current Home by Age of Household Head, 2013-2017 Cambridge, MD

Owner occupied	Age of Household Head							
Year	Under 35	35 to 64	65 and Older					
2015 or later	36	57	29					
2010 to 2014	152	187	66					
2000 to 2009	60	412	178					
1990 to 1999	8	166	78					
1980 to 1989	22	69	85					
1979 or earlier	0	54	296					
Total Households	278	945	732					

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25128

Share of Total

	Age of Household Head							
Year	Under 35	35 to 64	65 and Older					
2015 or later	12.9%	6.0%	4.0%					
2010 to 2014	54.7%	19.8%	9.0%					
2000 to 2009	21.6%	43.6%	24.3%					
1990 to 1999	2.9%	17.6%	10.7%					
1980 to 1989	7.9%	7.3%	11.6%					
1979 or earlier	0.0%	5.7%	40.4%					
Total Households	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%					

Housing Units

Select Jurisdictions

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
2000	5,230	14,681
2010	6,053	16,347
2011	6,051	16,465
2012	6,113	16,557
2013	6,293	16,607
2014	6,212	16,652
2015	6,266	16,688
2016	6,303	16,700
2017	6,486	16,734
Annual Percei	nt Change	
2000-2010	1.6%	1.1%
Annual Percei	nt Change	
2011-2017	1.0%	0.2%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Summary File 1 (SF 1) 100-Percent Data Table H001

Housing Tenure

Cambridge, MD

	2009		2010		2011		2012		2013	
Tenure	No.	Pct.								
Renter-Occupied	2,695	53.4%	2591	50.7%	2,733	53.4%	2,925	57.4%	3,261	62.6%
Owner-Occupied	2,350	46.6%	2515	49.3%	2,383	46.6%	2,183	42.7%	1,948	37.4%
Total Occupied Units	5,045	100.0%	5,106	100.0%	5,116	100.0%	5,108	100.0%	5,209	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25003,

	20:	14	20:	15	20:	16	20:	<u>17</u>
Tenure	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Renter-Occupied	3,194	61.2%	3,189	62.2%	3,192	62.4%	3,140	61.6%
Owner-Occupied	2,021	38.8%	1,940	37.8%	1,921	37.6%	1,955	38.4%
Total Occupied Units	5,215	100.0%	5,129	100.0%	5,113	100.0%	5,095	100.0%

Housing Tenure, 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Tenure	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Renter-Occupied	3,140	4,422
Owner-Occupied	1,955	8,518
Total Occupied Units	5,095	12,940

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25003

Share of Total

Tenure	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD		
Renter-Occupied	61.6%	34.2%		
Owner-Occupied	38.4%	65.8%		
Total Occupied Units	100.0%	100.0%		

Housing TypeCambridge, MD

	20	09	20	10	20:	11	20:	12	20:	13
Туре	No.	Pct.								
Single-Family Detached	3,472	58.8%	3,710	61.3%	3,637	60.1%	3,525	57.7%	3,331	52.9%
Single-Family Attached/Townhomes*	931	15.8%	778	12.9%	861	14.2%	888	14.5%	981	15.6%
Small Multifamily (3-19 unit building)	1,116	18.9%	1,121	18.5%	1,064	17.6%	1,140	18.6%	1,384	22.0%
Large Multifamily (20+ unit buildings)	243	4.1%	361	6.0%	372	6.1%	439	7.2%	514	8.2%
Other (RV, mobile home, boat, etc.)	146	2.5%	83	1.4%	117	1.9%	121	2.0%	83	1.3%
Total Units	5,908	100.0%	6,053	100.0%	6,051	100.0%	6,113	100.0%	6,293	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25024

	20:	2014 2015		2016		2017		
Туре	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
Single-Family Detached	3,313	53.3%	3,327	53.1%	3,292	52.2%	3,420	52.7%
Single-Family Attached/Townhomes*	1,012	16.3%	1,024	16.3%	1,064	16.9%	1,125	17.3%
Small Multifamily (3-19 unit building)	1,239	19.9%	1,311	20.9%	1,260	20.0%	1,360	21.0%
Large Multifamily (20+ unit buildings)	551	8.9%	481	7.7%	593	9.4%	487	7.5%
Other (RV, mobile home, boat, etc.)	97	1.6%	123	2.0%	94	1.5%	94	1.4%
Total Units	6,212	100.0%	6,266	100.0%	6,303	100.0%	6,486	100.0%

^{*}Includes attached homes and duplexes

^{*}Includes attached homes and duplexes

Housing Type, 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Туре	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Single-Family Detached	3,420	12,268
Single-Family Attached/Townhomes*	1,125	1,346
Small Multifamily (3-19 unit building)	1,360	1,539
Large Multifamily (20+ unit buildings)	487	581
Other (RV, mobile home, boat, etc.)	94	1,000
Total Units	6,486	16,734

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25024

Share of Total

Туре	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Single-Family Detached	52.7%	73.3%
Single-Family Attached/Townhomes*	17.3%	8.0%
Small Multifamily (3-19 unit building)	21.0%	9.2%
Large Multifamily (20+ unit buildings)	7.5%	3.5%
Other (RV, mobile home, boat, etc.)	1.4%	6.0%
Total Units	100.0%	100.0%

^{*}Includes attached homes and duplexes

^{*}Includes attached homes and duplexes

Housing Units by Number of Bedrooms

Cambridge, MD

	200)9	201	LO	201	1	201	.2	201	.3
Number of Bedrooms	No.	Pct.								
No Bedrooms / Studio	128	2.2%	104	1.7%	108	1.8%	130	2.1%	73	1.2%
1 Bedroom	823	13.9%	934	15.4%	951	15.7%	938	15.3%	1,041	16.5%
2 Bedrooms	2,285	38.7%	2,123	35.1%	2,045	33.8%	2,066	33.8%	2,187	34.8%
3 Bedrooms	1,788	30.3%	1,964	32.4%	2,070	34.2%	2,024	33.1%	2,150	34.2%
4 Bedrooms	744	12.6%	757	12.5%	668	11.0%	755	12.4%	702	11.2%
5+ Bedrooms	140	2.4%	171	2.8%	209	3.5%	200	3.3%	140	2.2%
Total Housing Units	5,908	100.0%	6,053	100.0%	6,051	100.0%	6,113	100.0%	6,293	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25041

	201	.4	2015		201	2016		.7
Number of Bedrooms	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
No Bedrooms / Studio	29	0.5%	16	0.3%	17	0.3%	23	0.4%
1 Bedroom	1,078	17.4%	970	15.5%	934	14.8%	992	15.3%
2 Bedrooms	1,985	32.0%	2,190	35.0%	2,279	36.2%	2,236	34.5%
3 Bedrooms	2,369	38.1%	2,302	36.7%	2,243	35.6%	2,398	37.0%
4 Bedrooms	618	9.9%	575	9.2%	668	10.6%	664	10.2%
5+ Bedrooms	133	2.1%	213	3.4%	162	2.6%	173	2.7%
Total Housing Units	6,212	100.0%	6,266	100.0%	6,303	100.0%	6,486	100.0%

Housing Units by Number of Bedrooms, 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Number of Bedrooms	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
No Bedrooms / Studio	23	37
1 Bedroom	992	1,281
2 Bedrooms	2,236	4,496
3 Bedrooms	2,398	8,042
4 Bedrooms	664	2,341
5+ Bedrooms	173	537
Total Housing Units	6,486	16,734

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25041

Share of Total

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
No Bedrooms / Studio	0.4%	0.2%
1 Bedroom	15.3%	7.7%
2 Bedrooms	34.5%	26.9%
3 Bedrooms	37.0%	48.1%
4 Bedrooms	10.2%	14.0%
5+ Bedrooms	2.7%	3.2%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Housing Units by Gross Rent

Renter-Occupied Units Cambridge, MD

	200)9	201	.0	201	.1	201	.2	201	.3
Gross Rent	No.	Pct.								
<\$250	252	9.4%	306	11.8%	324	11.9%	310	10.6%	310	9.5%
\$250-499	458	17.0%	407	15.7%	393	14.4%	423	14.5%	462	14.2%
\$500-749	1,009	37.4%	850	32.8%	722	26.4%	549	18.8%	648	19.9%
\$750-999	543	20.1%	534	20.6%	619	22.6%	834	28.5%	971	29.8%
\$1,000-1,249	136	5.0%	195	7.5%	389	14.2%	453	15.5%	464	14.2%
\$1,250+	182	6.8%	253	9.8%	210	7.7%	291	9.9%	321	9.8%
No cash rent	115	4.3%	46	1.8%	76	2.8%	65	2.2%	85	2.6%
Total Renter-Occupied Housing Units	2,695	100.0%	2,591	100.0%	2,733	100.0%	2,925	100.0%	3,261	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25063

	201	.4	201	.5	201	.6	201	.7
Gross Rent	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
<\$250	286	9.0%	203	6.4%	217	6.8%	149	4.7%
\$250-499	400	12.5%	355	11.1%	327	10.2%	292	9.3%
\$500-749	620	19.4%	777	24.4%	703	22.0%	693	22.1%
\$750-999	1,076	33.7%	1,081	33.9%	1,038	32.5%	979	31.2%
\$1,000-1,249	378	11.8%	363	11.4%	412	12.9%	491	15.6%
\$1,250+	328	10.3%	295	9.3%	356	11.2%	384	12.2%
No cash rent	106	3.3%	115	3.6%	139	4.4%	152	4.8%
Total Renter-Occupied Housing Units	3,194	100.0%	3,189	100.0%	3,192	100.0%	3,140	100.0%

Housing Units by Gross Rent, 2013-2017

Selected Jurisdictions Renter-Occupied Units

Gross Rent	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<\$250	149	173
\$250-499	292	387
\$500-749	693	859
\$750-999	979	1,280
\$1,000-1,249	491	740
\$1,250+	384	573
Occupied without Rent	152	410
Total Renter-Occupied Housing Units	2,591	4,422

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25063

Share of Total

Gross Rent	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<\$250	5.8%	3.9%
\$250-499	11.3%	8.8%
\$500-749	26.7%	19.4%
\$750-999	37.8%	28.9%
\$1,000-1,249	19.0%	16.7%
\$1,250+	14.8%	13.0%
Occupied without Rent	5.9%	9.3%
Total Renter-Occupied Housing Units	100.0%	100.0%

Housing Units by Home Value

Cambridge, MD Owner-Occupied Units

	20	09	20:	10	201	.1	20:	12	201	.3
Home Value	No.	Pct.								
<50,000	215	9.1%	121	4.8%	156	6.5%	167	7.7%	186	9.5%
50,000-99,000	314	13.4%	292	11.6%	291	12.2%	257	11.8%	174	8.9%
\$100,000-199,999	744	31.7%	876	34.8%	870	36.5%	833	38.2%	912	46.8%
\$200,000-299,999	505	21.5%	582	23.1%	505	21.2%	452	20.7%	397	20.4%
\$300,000-399,999	354	15.1%	420	16.7%	396	16.6%	316	14.5%	187	9.6%
\$400,000-499,999	65	2.8%	61	2.4%	52	2.2%	50	2.3%	33	1.7%
\$500,000-\$999,999	86	3.7%	88	3.5%	37	1.6%	29	1.3%	26	1.3%
\$1,000,000+	67	2.9%	75	3.0%	76	3.2%	79	3.6%	33	1.7%
Total Owner-Occupied Housing Units	2,350	100.0%	2,515	100.0%	2,383	100.0%	2,183	100.0%	1,948	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25075

	20	14	20	15	201	.6	20:	17
Home Value	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.	No.	Pct.
<50,000	163	8.1%	172	8.9%	143	7.4%	118	6.0%
50,000-99,000	223	11.0%	271	14.0%	302	15.7%	331	16.9%
\$100,000-199,999	993	49.1%	862	44.4%	836	43.5%	867	44.3%
\$200,000-299,999	444	22.0%	412	21.2%	414	21.6%	398	20.4%
\$300,000-399,999	134	6.6%	157	8.1%	138	7.2%	179	9.2%
\$400,000-499,999	36	1.8%	43	2.2%	39	2.0%	24	1.2%
\$500,000-\$999,999	11	0.5%	17	0.9%	38	2.0%	32	1.6%
\$1,000,000+	17	0.8%	6	0.3%	11	0.6%	6	0.3%
Total Owner-Occupied Housing Units	2,021	100.0%	1,940	100.0%	1,921	100.0%	1,955	100.0%

Housing Units by Home Value, 2013-2017

Selected Jurisdictions
Owner-Occupied Units

Home Value	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<50,000	118	846
50,000-99,000	331	594
\$100,000-199,999	867	3,469
\$200,000-299,999	398	1,938
\$300,000-399,999	179	819
\$400,000-499,999	24	355
\$500,000-\$999,999	32	368
\$1,000,000+	6	129
Total Owner-Occupied Housing Units	1,955	8,518

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25075

Share of Total

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
<50,000	6.0%	9.9%
50,000-99,000	16.9%	7.0%
\$100,000-199,999	44.3%	40.7%
\$200,000-299,999	20.4%	22.8%
\$300,000-399,999	9.2%	9.6%
\$400,000-499,999	1.2%	4.2%
\$500,000-\$999,999	1.6%	4.3%
\$1,000,000+	0.3%	1.5%
Total Owner-Occupied Housing Units	100.0%	100.0%

Housing Units by Year Built, 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Year Built	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
2014 or Later	0	55
2010 to 2013	303	385
2000 to 2009	1,289	2,872
1990 to 1999	352	1,905
1980 to 1989	658	1,795
1970 to 1979	515	2,236
1960 to 1969	527	1,549
1950 to 1959	796	1,591
1940 to 1949	681	1,253
Before 1940	1,365	3,093
Total Housing Units	6,486	16,734

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25034

Share of Total

Year Built	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
2014 or Later	0.0%	0.3%
2010 to 2013	4.7%	2.3%
2000 to 2009	19.9%	17.2%
1990 to 1999	5.4%	11.4%
1980 to 1989	10.1%	10.7%
1970 to 1979	7.9%	13.4%
1960 to 1969	8.1%	9.3%
1950 to 1959	12.3%	9.5%
1940 to 1949	10.5%	7.5%
Before 1940	21.0%	18.5%
Total Housing Units	100.0%	100.0%

Vacancy Housing Units Reason 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Vacant Housing Units	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
For rent	201	282
Rented, not occupied	-	12
For sale only	68	157
Sold, not occupied	36	50
Seasonal	206	1,263
Other	880	2,030
Total	1,391	3,794

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25004

Share of Total

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD	
For rent	14.5%	7.4%	
Rented, not occupied	0.0%	0.3%	
For sale only	4.9%	4.1%	
Sold, not occupied	2.6%	1.3%	
Seasonal	14.8%	33.3%	
Other	63.3%	53.5%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	

Real Estate Market Statistics

Smart Chart Real Estate Data Cambridge, MD

December year to date	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Sold Summary							
Median Sold Price	\$ 150,000.00	\$ 142,000.00	\$ 134,900.00	\$ 129,500.00	\$148,000.00	\$ 129,500.00	
Units Sold	236	251	226	195	146	175	
Average Days on Market	158	147	172	152	220	208	
Avg SP to OLP Ratio	89.6%	88.5%	85.5%	85.9%	85.0%	79.7%	
December Monthly	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Inventory (Active Listing)	133	130	154	159	144	150	

Source: MRIS. Statistics

December year to date	year to date 2017 20		2016 2015 201		2013	2012	
Percent Change Per Year							
Median Sold Price	6%	5%	4%	-13%	14%	0%	
Units Sold	-6%	11%	16%	34%	-17%	0%	
Average Days on Market	7%	-15%	13%	-31%	6%	0%	
Avg SP to OLP Ratio	1%	4%	0%	1%	7%	0%	
December Monthly	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Inventory (Active Listing)	2%	-16%	-3%	10%	-4%	0%	

Source: MRIS. Statistics

Real Estate Market Statistics

Smart Chart Real Estate Data Cambridge, MD

December year to date		Units Sold				
Price Range	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
<50,000	20	27	44	36	23	37
50,000-99,999	39	50	45	37	26	35
100,000-199,999	85	97	64	71	48	49
200000+	92	77	73	51	47	54
Total	236	251	226	195	144	175

Source: MRIS. Statistics

December year to date	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Percent Change							
<50,000	-26%	-39%	22%	57%	-38%	0%	
50,000-99,999	-22%	11%	22%	42%	-26%	0%	
100,000-199,999	-12%	52%	-10%	48%	-2%	0%	
200,000	19%	5%	43%	9%	-13%	0%	
Total	-6%	11%	16%	35%	-18%	0%	

Source: MRIS. Statistics

Real Estate Market Statistics

Smart Chart Real Estate Data Cambridge, MD

Active Listing		Dec-18	
	Residential	Residential	
	Detached	Attached	Condo Attached
<50,000	1	(0
50,000-99,000	14	(0
\$100,000-199,999	23	(5 4
\$200,000-299,999	27	-	1 2
\$300,000-399,999	9	-	1
\$400,000-499,999	7	(0
\$500,000-\$999,999	15	(0
\$1,000,000+	10	(0
Total	106	8	7

Source: MRIS. Statistics

Housing Costs as a Percent of Household Income

Owner Households Cambridge, MD

Owner Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<30%	1359	1458	1470	1337	1190	1277	1287	1306	1377
30-49%	442	476	488	493	439	424	363	348	312
50%+	509	547	395	320	293	315	286	256	250
Total Owner Households	2,310	2,481	2,353	2,150	1,922	2,016	1,936	1,910	1,939

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25091

Share of Owner Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<30%	58.8%	58.8%	62.5%	62.2%	61.9%	63.3%	66.5%	68.4%	71.0%
30-49%	19.1%	19.2%	20.7%	22.9%	22.8%	21.0%	18.8%	18.2%	16.1%
50%+	22.0%	22.0%	16.8%	14.9%	15.2%	15.6%	14.8%	13.4%	12.9%
Total Owner Households	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

^{*}added housing units with a mortgage and without mortgage

^{*}did not include the data that was 'Not computed"

Housing Costs as a Percent of Household Income

Renter Households Cambridge, MD

Renter Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<30%	1,175	1,023	1,077	1,207	1343	1285	1413	1370	1243
30-49%	553	768	760	846	890	767	654	698	783
50%+	741	699	742	730	863	951	935	951	904
Total Renter Households	2,469	2,490	2,579	2,783	3,096	3,003	3,002	3,019	2,930

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B25070

Share of Renter Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<30%	47.6%	41.1%	41.8%	43.4%	43.4%	42.8%	47.1%	45.4%	42.4%
30-49%	22.4%	30.8%	29.5%	30.4%	28.7%	25.5%	21.8%	23.1%	26.7%
50%+	30.0%	28.1%	28.8%	26.2%	27.9%	31.7%	31.1%	31.5%	30.9%
Total Renter Households	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

^{*}Did not include the data that was 'Not computed"

Cost Burdened Households, 2013-2017

Select Jurisdictions

Number of Households that are Cost Burdened

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Owner Households	562	2,189
Renter Households	1687	2,195
Total Households	2,249	4,384

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables B25070 and B25091

Percent of Households that are Cost Burdened

	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Owner Households	25.0%	49.9%
Renter Households	75.0%	50.1%
Total Households	100%	100%

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs 2013-2017(2017 \$s)

All Households Cambridge, MD

Owner Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Less than \$500	468	500	418	354	269	310	320	356	314
\$500 to \$999	715	662	668	618	578	584	614	539	642
\$1,000 to 1,499	476	520	476	407	414	452	416	431	418
\$1,500 to 1,999	372	431	439	507	438	456	425	436	407
\$2,000 to 2,499	176	148	181	164	118	118	100	84	92
\$2,500 to 2,999	73	139	125	62	61	52	38	39	27
\$3,000 or more	70	115	76	71	70	49	27	36	55
Total Households	2,350	2,515	2,383	2,183	1,948	2,021	1,940	1,921	1,955

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables B25087

^{*}Included units with and without mortgage

Share of Owner Households	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Less than \$500	20%	20%	18%	16%	14%	15%	16%	19%	16%
\$500 to \$999	30%	26%	28%	28%	30%	29%	32%	28%	33%
\$1,000 to 1,499	20%	21%	20%	19%	21%	22%	21%	22%	21%
\$1,500 to 1,999	16%	17%	18%	23%	22%	23%	22%	23%	21%
\$2,000 to 2,499	7%	6%	8%	8%	6%	6%	5%	4%	5%
\$2,500 to 2,999	3%	6%	5%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%	1%
\$3,000 or more	3%	5%	3%	3%	4%	2%	1%	2%	3%
Total Households	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Housing Costs as a Percent of Household Income by Household Income, 2013-2017(2017 \$s)

All Households Cambridge, MD

All Households	Total Hou	seholds	<30	%	30-4	9%	50%	6 +
Household Income	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Less than \$20,000	1,315	27.0%	172	6.6%	214	19.5%	929	80.5%
\$20,000 to 34,999	916	18.8%	272	10.4%	497	45.4%	147	12.7%
\$35,000 to 49,999	685	14.1%	375	14.3%	251	22.9%	59	5.1%
\$50,000 to 74,999	757	15.5%	609	23.2%	129	11.8%	19	1.6%
\$75,000 to 99,999	501	10.3%	501	19.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
\$100,000 or more	695	14.3%	691	26.4%	4	0.4%	0	0.0%
Total Households	4,869	100.0%	2,620	100.0%	1,095	100.0%	1,154	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Burea, 5-Year American Community Survey, Tables B25074 and B25095

Dorchester County, SC

All HouseHolds	Total Hou	seholds	<30	%	30-4	9%	50%	6+
Household Income	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Less than \$20,000	2,158	17.5%	310	4.0%	405	18.1%	1,443	67.3%
\$20,000 to 34,999	2,041	16.5%	672	8.7%	867	38.7%	502	23.4%
\$35,000 to 49,999	1,811	14.7%	1,164	15.1%	527	23.5%	120	5.6%
\$50,000 to 74,999	2,270	18.4%	1,955	25.3%	235	10.5%	80	3.7%
\$75,000 to 99,999	1,701	13.8%	1,341	17.4%	127	5.7%	0	0.0%
\$100,000 or more	2,362	19.1%	2,284	29.6%	78	3.5%	0	0.0%
Total Households	12,343	100.0%	7,726	100.0%	2,239	100.0%	2,145	100.0%

Jobs By Sector
Job Located in Cambridge, MD

Jobs by NAICS Industry Sector								Annual Pct	Annual Pct
Sector	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2005-2010	2010-2015
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	#DIV/0!	-20.0%
Mining, Quarrying, And Oil and Gas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	#DIV/0!	0.0%
Utilities	8	10	9	8	9	8	8	2.5%	-4.0%
Construction	436	430	374	294	299	218	273	-0.1%	-7.3%
Manufacturing	1,364	765	761	639	685	825	767	-4.4%	0.1%
Wholesale Trade	121	147	150	131	141	149	139	2.1%	-1.1%
Retail Trade	696	635	735	663	648	615	629	-0.9%	-0.2%
Transportation and Warehousing	63	48	63	64	61	68	45	-2.4%	-1.3%
Information	93	70	62	63	57	35	40	-2.5%	-8.6%
Finance and Insurance	292	288	246	251	203	223	212	-0.1%	-5.3%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Professional, Scientific, and Technical	44	33	53	53	52	57	39	-2.5%	3.6%
Services	158	155	172	178	177	177	182	-0.2%	3.5%
Management of Companies and Enterprises Administrative and Support and Waste	71	73	175	209	217	231	246	0.3%	47.4%
Management	162	56	49	72	69	25	29	-6.5%	-9.6%
Educational Services	360	500	535	563	562	550	601	3.9%	4.0%
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,114	1,267	1,352	1,255	1,259	1,226	1,238	1.4%	-0.5%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	67	49	76	57	90	99	100	-2.7%	20.8%
Accommodation and Food Services Other Services (except Public	478	447	341	350	333	775	818	-0.6%	16.6%
Administration)	209	185	174	169	126	157	150	-1.1%	-3.8%
Public Administration	612	724	728	702	688	643	657	1.8%	-1.9%
Total	6,348	5,883	6,055	5,721	5,676	6,081	6,173	-0.7%	1.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, On The Map. "Primary" jobs in Cambridge, MD

Jobs By Sector

Job Located in Cambridge, MD

Share of Total							
Sector	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Mining, Quarrying, And Oil and Gas	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Utilities	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
Construction	6.9%	7.3%	6.2%	5.1%	5.3%	3.6%	4.4%
Manufacturing	21.5%	13.0%	12.6%	11.2%	12.1%	13.6%	12.4%
Wholesale Trade	1.9%	2.5%	2.5%	2.3%	2.5%	2.5%	2.3%
Retail Trade	11.0%	10.8%	12.1%	11.6%	11.4%	10.1%	10.2%
Transportation and Warehousing	1.0%	0.8%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	0.7%
Information	1.5%	1.2%	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%	0.6%	0.6%
Finance and Insurance	4.6%	4.9%	4.1%	4.4%	3.6%	3.7%	3.4%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Professional, Scientific, and Technical	0.7%	0.6%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	0.6%
Services	2.5%	2.6%	2.8%	3.1%	3.1%	2.9%	2.9%
Management of Companies and Enterprises Administrative and Support and Waste	1.1%	1.2%	2.9%	3.7%	3.8%	3.8%	4.0%
Management	2.6%	1.0%	0.8%	1.3%	1.2%	0.4%	0.5%
Educational Services	5.7%	8.5%	8.8%	9.8%	9.9%	9.0%	9.7%
Health Care and Social Assistance	17.5%	21.5%	22.3%	21.9%	22.2%	20.2%	20.1%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1.1%	0.8%	1.3%	1.0%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%
Accommodation and Food Services	7.5%	7.6%	5.6%	6.1%	5.9%	12.7%	13.3%
Other Services (except Public							
Administration)	3.3%	3.1%	2.9%	3.0%	2.2%	2.6%	2.4%
Public Administration	9.6%	12.3%	12.0%	12.3%	12.1%	10.6%	10.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, On The Map. "Primary" jobs in Cambridge, MD

Industry by Median Earnings

Job Located in Cambridge, MD

Median Earnings by NAICS Industry Sector Industry	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting	17,768	17,667	11,250	6,731	7,222	28,750	30,956	26,944
Mining, Quarrying, And Oil and Gas	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	30,691	34,034	31,458	31,364	32,000	27,454	27,500	36,438
Manufacturing	31,406	33,561	31,484	32,560	30,353	34,306	33,125	37,381
Wholesale Trade	19,730	19,575	24,318	23,646	23,977	24,342	29,107	36,037
Retail Trade	18,607	22,195	19,091	17,245	16,276	18,490	20,718	23,672
Transportation and Warehousing	41,176	38,542	42,014	50,694	42,750	42,222	41,391	41,357
Information	18,264	22,361	34,432	73,958	73,214	33,667	50,590	51,146
Finance and Insurance	25,379	34,702	41,157	40,272	50,000	40,417	33,550	32,539
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Professional, Scientific, and Technical	32,125	238,088	69,583	-	71,125	40,481	41,250	19,813
Services	45,982	45,278	48,241	39,844	68,676	65,714	69,833	47,153
Management of Companies and Enterprises Administrative and Support and Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Management	16,196	16,453	15,099	17,656	18,512	21,563	23,177	37,031
Educational Services	39,250	41,008	41,442	44,488	44,473	45,033	44,758	45,606
Health Care and Social Assistance	30,865	29,847	29,393	28,422	28,114	28,168	26,806	26,250
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	31,848	32,647	32,019	19,514	18,304	18,088	30,682	32,955
Accommodation and Food Services Other Services (except Public	9,235	13,042	14,976	15,290	15,133	18,255	13,708	13,508
Administration)	24,704	27,419	26,141	25,707	26,570	36,607	23,049	33,636
Public Administration	42,389	44,394	44,215	43,182	43,023	42,891	43,199	44,261
Average	28,333	29,021	28,159	27,321	27,872	28,296	28,999	29,545

Median Earnings

Select Jurisdictions

Workers	by	Place	of	Work
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Median earnings (dollars)	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD	
2009-2013	27,321	31,794	
2013-2017	29,545	32,416	

^{*}Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings

Workers By Age Group

That Hold Jobs in the City of Cambridge, MD

Workers					Share of To	otal			
Year	Under 30	30 to 54	55+	Total	Year	Under 30	30 to 54	55+	Total
2002	1,321	4,079	1,252	6,652	2002	19.9%	61.3%	18.8%	100.0%
2003	1,389	3,970	1,296	6,655	2003	20.9%	59.7%	19.5%	100.0%
2004	1,371	3,730	1,288	6,389	2004	21.5%	58.4%	20.2%	100.0%
2005	1,378	3,644	1,326	6,348	2005	21.7%	57.4%	20.9%	100.0%
2006	1,405	3,634	1,360	6,399	2006	22.0%	56.8%	21.3%	100.0%
2007	1,420	3,303	1,331	6,054	2007	23.5%	54.6%	22.0%	100.0%
2008	1,390	3,292	1,422	6,104	2008	22.8%	53.9%	23.3%	100.0%
2009	1,240	2,681	1,240	5,161	2009	24.0%	51.9%	24.0%	100.0%
2010	1,126	2,663	2,094	5,883	2010	19.1%	45.3%	35.6%	100.0%
2011	1,246	2,682	2,127	6,055	2011	20.6%	44.3%	35.1%	100.0%
2012	1,157	2,505	2,059	5,721	2012	20.2%	43.8%	36.0%	100.0%
2013	1,043	2,929	1,704	5,676	2013	18.4%	51.6%	30.0%	100.0%
2014	1,228	3,092	1,761	6,081	2014	20.2%	50.8%	29.0%	100.0%
2015	1,290	3,066	1,817	6,173	2015	20.9%	49.7%	29.4%	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, On The Map. "Primary" jobs in Cambridge, MD

Place of Residence for Workers, 2015

Select Jurisdictions

Cambridge, MD

Place of Work

	# of	Share of
Place of Residence	Workers	Workers
Cambridge, MD	1,624	26.3%
Algonquin CDP, MD	227	3.7%
Easton town, MD	216	3.5%
Salisbury city, MD	121	2.0%
Hurlock town, MD	92	1.5%
Baltimore city, MD	88	1.4%
Secretary town, MD	55	0.9%
East New Market town, MD	49	0.8%
Federalsburg town, MD	51	0.8%
Ocean Pines CDP, MD	34	0.5%
All other locations	3,626	58.6%
Total	6,183	100.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, On The Map

Place of Work for Residents, 2015

Select Jurisdictions

	Cambridg				
Place of Residence		0 ,			
	# of	Share of			
Place of Work	Workers	Workers			
Cambridge, MD	1,624	29.4%			
Easton town, MD	661	12.0%			
Salisbury city, MD	267	4.8%			
Baltimore city, MD	218	3.9%			
Hurlock town, MD	148	2.7%			
Washington city,DC	84	1.5%			
Parole CDP, MD	70	1.3%			
Annapolis city, MD	67	1.2%			
Cordova CDP, MD	52	0.9%			
Columbia CDP, MD	50	0.9%			
All other locations	2,287	41.4%			
Total	5,528	100.0%			

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, On The Map

Mode of Commute to Work for Workers over 16 Years Old, 2013-2017 Select Jurisdictions by Place of Residence

Workers by Place of Residence

Mode	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Drove alone	5,625	9,609
Carpooled	770	1,456
Public Transportation	48	168
Bicycled	41	41
Walked	110	359
Other	53	101
Worked at Home	86	380
Total	6,733	12,114

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B08406

Workers by Place of Residence

Mode	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Drove alone	83.5%	79.3%
Carpooled	11.4%	12.0%
Public Transportation	0.7%	1.4%
Bicycled	0.6%	0.3%
Walked	1.6%	3.0%
Other	0.8%	0.8%
Worked at Home	1.3%	3.1%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Mode of Commute to Work for Workers over 16 Years Old, 2013-2017 Select Jurisdictions by Place of Work

Workers by Place of Work

Mode	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Drove alone	3,964	11,633
Carpooled	1,096	2,217
Public Transportation	45	121
Bicycled	88	88
Walked	88	309
Other	62	99
Worked at Home	86	380
Total	5,429	14,847

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year American Community Survey, Table B08006

Workers by Place of Work

Mode	Cambridge, MD	Dorchester County, MD
Drove alone	73.0%	78.4%
Carpooled	20.2%	14.9%
Public Transportation	0.8%	0.8%
Bicycled	1.6%	0.6%
Walked	1.6%	2.1%
Other	1.1%	0.7%
Worked at Home	1.6%	2.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Homeless Data

MD 511 Mid-Shore Regional CoC

Homeless Households	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Sheltered	53	57	53	58	74	90	76	88	77
Unsheltered	24	7	7	17	15	29	22	13	15
Total Homless Persons	77	64	60	75	89	119	98	101	92

Source: HUD Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs

Homeless Data

MD 511 Mid-Shore Regional CoC

Households Per Persons	Households w/o Children								
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Sheltered	48	48	42	51	65	76	68	70	61
Unsheltered	22	6	7	15	15	29	20	11	17
Total Homeless Persons	70	54	49	66	80	105	88	81	78

Source: HUD Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs

Households Per Persons	ns Households with at least one adult and one children						ildren		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Sheltered	20	28	31	16	28	47	44	66	50
Unsheltered	6	3	0	5	3	6	6	6	13
Total Homeless Persons	20	31	31	21	31	53	50	72	63

Source: HUD Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs

Households Per Persons	Total Households								
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total Homeless Persons	96	85	80	87	111	158	138	153	141

Source: HUD Continuum of Care Homeless Assistance Programs